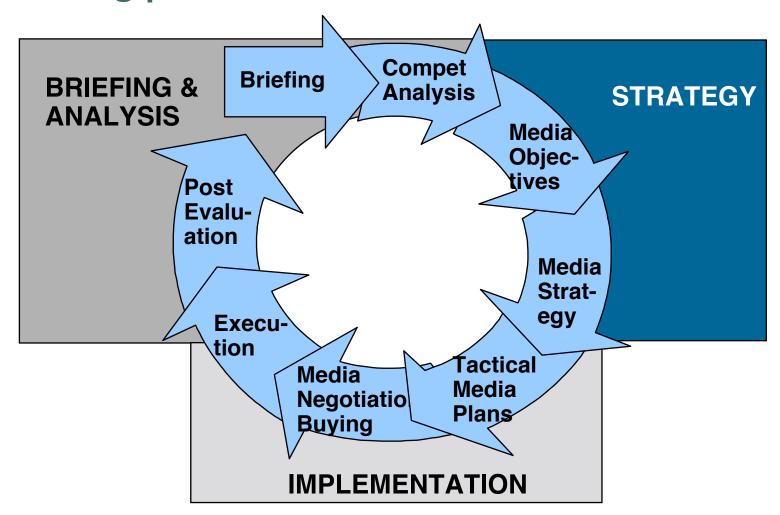






### Media planning process





# Paid Media planning process

- 1. Briefing
- 2. Competitors Analysis
- 3. Media objectives' setting
- 4. Media Strategy
- 5. Media plan
- 6. Media negotiation and buying
- 7. Execution
- 8. Post-evaluation



# 1. The media briefing



# 1. The media briefing

The briefing is the **set of information** that we need **to plan the communication campaign** 

- Who should we reach? (target audience)
- How much money do we have? (budget)
- The communication's **objectives** (awareness, image, behavious...)
- The timing (for when our objectives must be achieve)
- With what kind of message



# 2. competitors analysis



# 2. Competitors analysis

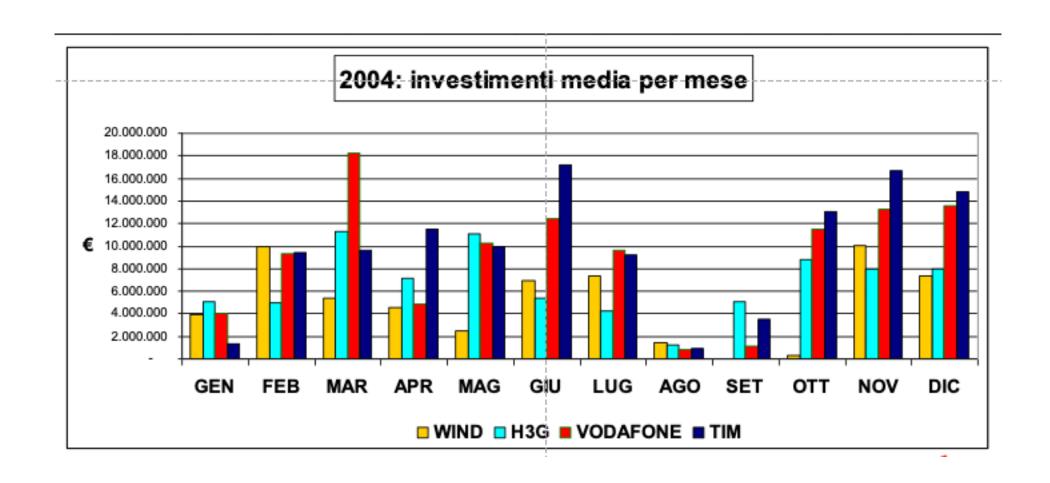
We need to find data on how competitors reach the same target:

- What media do they use?
- How much advertising pressure (GRP's, investments)
- Timing of their planning schedules, etc.

This information are useful not only to know the media used by competitors, but to evaluate our "share of voice" (SOV)



# We analyze seasonality trends: when they advertise

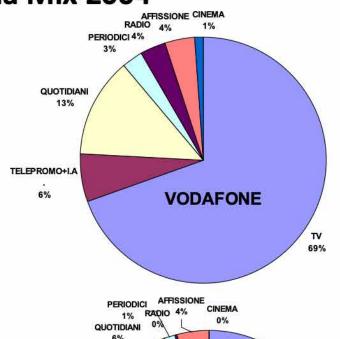


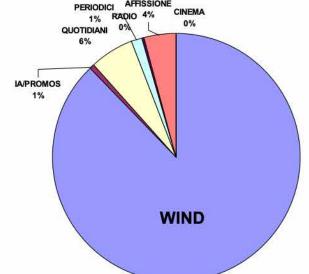


# What media they plan and how much they invest

2003	TIM	sos	VODAFONE	sos	H3G	sos	WIND	sos
TV	59.866.266	68%	68.260.252	65%	35.632.206	63%	29.208.091	71%
TELEPROMO+I.A.	4.616.775	5%	5.783.756	5%	5.008.199	9%	2.737.197	7%
QUOTIDIANI	8.926.225	10%	17.018.344	16%	9.701.574	17%	2.383.445	6%
PERIODICI	7.792.629	9%	4.451.515	4%	3.149.826	6%	627.382	2%
RADIO	3.654.341	4%	4.589.991	4%	940.042	2%	2.041.266	5%
AFFISSIONE	3.556.967	4%	5.183.903	5%	648.949	1%	2.725.484	7%
CINEMA		0%	311.012	0%	1.741.806	3%	1.511.006	4%
TOTALE	88.413.203	100%	105.598.773	100%	56.822.602	100%	41.233.871	100%

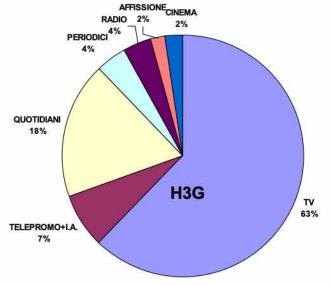
#### Analisi investimenti pubblicitari Media Mix 2004

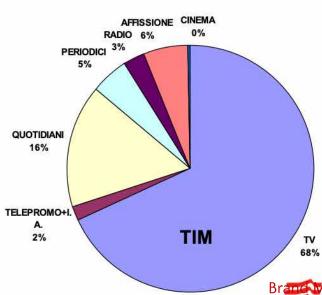




TV

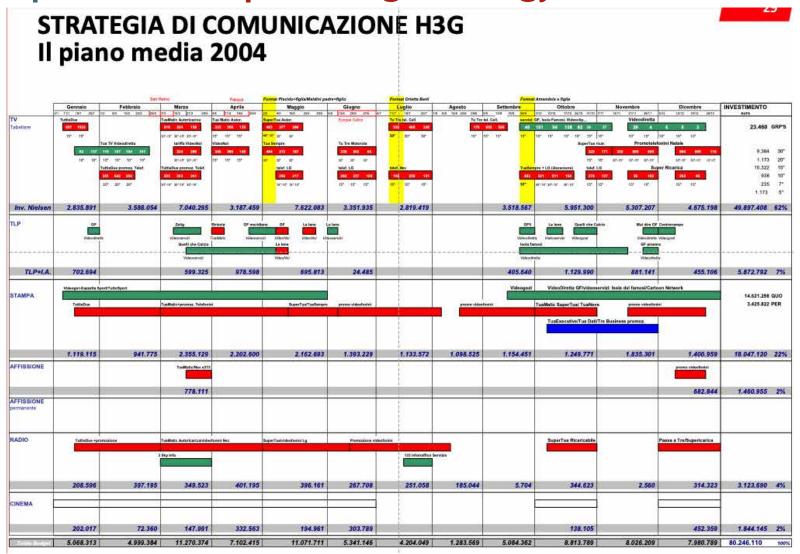
88%







# And their past media planning strategy





# How do we get these data?

- GRP's Monitoring (Nielsen AGB data) and industry's C/GRP's
- Nielsen adex data



# 3. Media goals setting



# 3. Media goals setting

We we need to establish the goals of our advertising program in order to demonstrate

- how it will help our brand achieve its marketing goals,
- and how that objectives will be achieved through the usage of media

We use media KPIs (GRP's, impressions, reach%, frequency...)



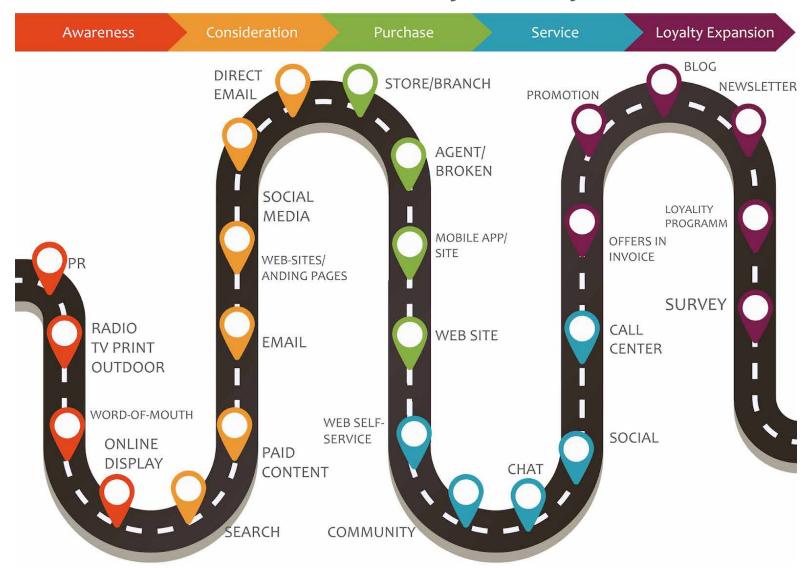
# Advertising objectives

The advertising object is usually tied to the stage at which the target audience is in the decision-making process (need, awareness, preference, search, selection, purchase, use, satisfaction)

Paid Media are often used for the cognitive stage (need & awareness)



# Do you remember the customer journey?





# Advertising objectives Vs media objectives

If we need to increase awareness of our mass-market products, we'll need to plan mass media (e.g. TV) with a lot of frequency

- Effective frequency 4+ with a reach of 70% or more in 1 month
- 800 TV GRP's (TRP's) for a 2 weeks campaign

Communication objects must have a specific time frame



# e.g. Media KPIs

# We need a reach of 80% with an average frequency of 5 in 2 weeks

How many GRP's?



# e.g. Media KPIs

# We need a reach of 80% with an average frequency of 5 in 2 weeks = (80x5= 400 GRP's in 2 weeks)



# How to calculate the budget?

# With the C/GRP's

e.g. TV C/GRP's = 3.000€ 400 GRP's x 3.000€ = 1.200.000€



# Advertising objectives Vs media objectives

If we need to to stimulate the purchase intention, we'll probably send direct emails with promotional offers, or plan Google Search Ads

- E.g. 5.000.000 email sent
- 50.000 clicks on Google paid ads in 1 months
- Etc.



Media objectives:
Impressions
Clicks
Reach% & Frequency
GRP's
Context affinity/quality





In simple terms, creating a media strategy means allocating the budget among the chosen media, with their timing



In simple terms, creating a media strategy means allocating the budget among the chosen media, with their timing

The goal is to find the right medium, or combination of media, that will achieve our objectives, given the amount of money that we have to spend and the time frame



#### Therefore, we have to:

- Study the target audience to find the right media/vehicles that reach them
- Define the role of each medium in terms of advertising objectives
- Estimate the cost of each paid medium considering the format of the ads
- And schedule a tentative timing of the campaign, considering our objectives.



# We need to consider all the media in our strategy

#### PAID MEDIA

#### ATL:

- TV
- Press
- Radio
- OOH
- Cinema
- Internet advertising:
  - Display
  - Search
  - Social network

**BTL**: sponsorship, Events, influencer marketing

#### OWNED MEDIA

Website
App
Blog
Social network
Direct response/CRM

Point of Sales, merchandising, Packaging Branded spaces

#### **EARNED MEDIA**

#### PR:

Press (+digital) articles

#### USG

- reviews
- recommendations
- Social, Blogs
- WOM



# Case study

# The launch of a new TV format for Superinternet, a broadband offer by Telecom Italia



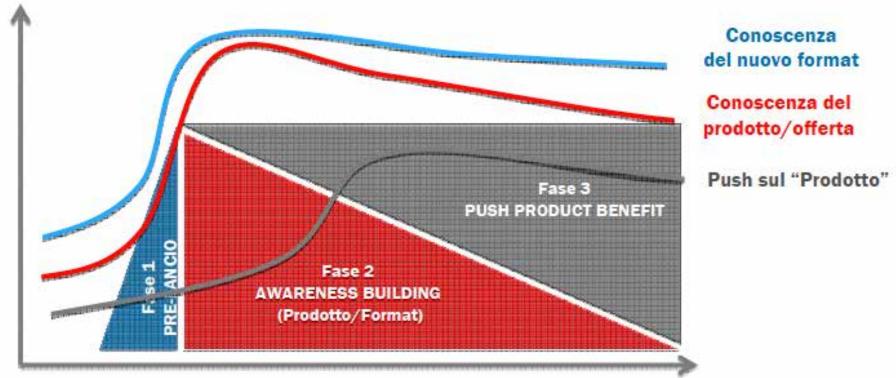


#### La strategia media

1 FASE: PRE-LANCIO NEW FORMAT → stimolare la curiosità sul nuovo format invitando il Target alla visione del nuovo spot in anteprima

2 FASE: AWARENESS BUILDING (NEW FORMAT TV) → massimizzare impatto e copertura del nuovo format creativo e del relativo spot di prodotto → video domination

3 FASE: PUSH PRODUCT BENEFIT → focalizzazione sul prodotto e il suo key brand benefit
→ sfruttando i mezzi più interattivi (Radio e Web) per far vivere "l'esperienza" del prodotto





#### Ad ogni mezzo il suo compito

La pianificazione è stata costruita sulla base delle abitudini del target, declinando la scelta dei mezzi sulla base degli obiettivi posti al fine di sfruttare sia le diverse caratteristiche di ciascun mezzo sia le relative modalità di fruizione.





#### QUOTIDIANI



Un mezzo istituzionale, rivolto prevalentemente alle frange più adulte del target al fine di scaricare l'imprinting di Promotore Tecnologico presente nello spot su Telecom

> REPUTATION BUILDER

#### CINEMA



Un mezzo fortemente emotivo" da sfruttare per veicolare le emozioni dello spot

> EMOZIONARE ILTARGET

#### **RADIO**



Un mezzo emotivo capace di generare iterazione da parte degli ascoltatori, da utilizzare per interagire con loro, invitandoli a scoprire il prodotto ◊

ATTIVARE IL TARGET

#### WEB



il mezzo in cui il prodotto raggiunge la sua massima espressione in quanto è possibile metterne in luce la Key Brand Benefit → da utilizzare sia per raggiungere il target (video) sia per mettere in luce i benefici del prodotto facendolo "provare"

LEARNING BY DOING



#### La declinazione della strategia

#### 1 FASE: PRE-LANCIO NEW FORMAT → Invito a scoprire il nuovo format TV













#### 2 FASE: AWARENESS BUILDING (NEW FORMAT TV) → Videostrategy











3 FASE: PUSH PRODUCT BENEFIT → mostrare/argomentare le key feature del

prodotto









#### **Televisione**

#### Ricerca di ampia visibilità in un breve lasso temporale

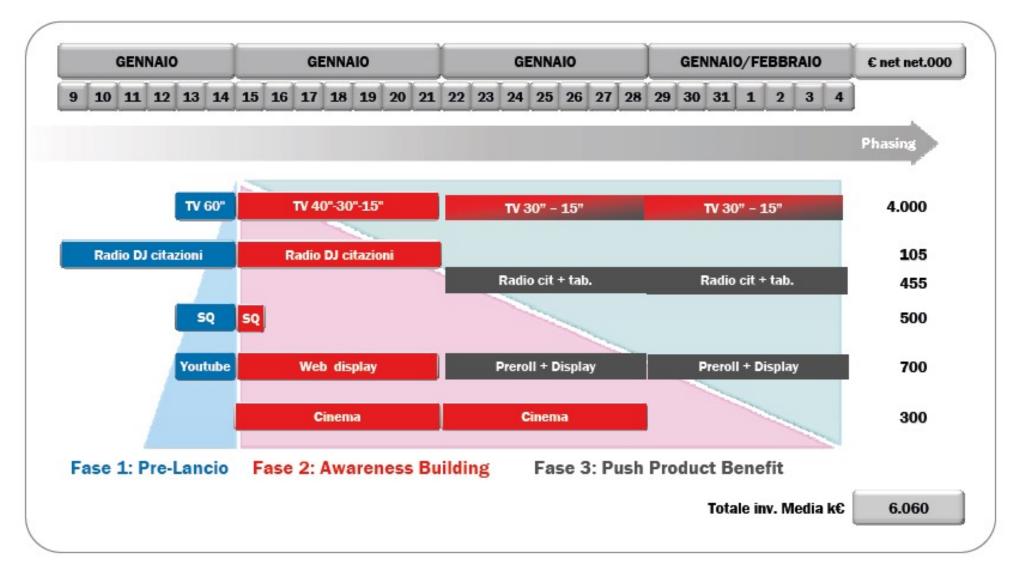
 Soglie di visibilità : il livello di pressione sviluppato sulle tv generaliste tengono conto dei livelli di efficienza/efficacia sul focus target 14-44 anni

- 1° week 410 ( adu 487)
- 2° week 380 (adu 425)
- 3° week 337 (adu 381)
- Selezione rubriche:
  - informazione,
  - approfondimenti,
  - sport,
  - grande audience,
  - giovani





#### **Timing Media**





### Risultati di Comunicazione

		Target Adulti +14	Target 14-44		
~	Grp's	1.865	1.405		
	% Cop	93	92		
	Freq	18	15		
	Grp's	884	1.327		
	% Сор	62,8	82,5		
	Freq	14	16,1		
	Grp's	126	114		
	% Сор	42	38		
	Freq	3	3		
	Impression	50Mio			
	Grp's Video	40			
	Stima Biglietti Gennaio	16	16,5Mio		



# Look at internet impressions... 50 millions



Do you think they are a lot?





## Let's translate impressions in GRP's



 $GRP's = 50.000.000 \times 100$ 

60.000.000





#### Not so many...

GRP's = 
$$\frac{500}{6}$$
 83,3...



## 5. Media planning & buying



#### 5. Preparing the media plan

- Putting together a media plan represents the culmination of all the thinking, planning and organizing that we have seen during these lessons.
- We choose media vehicles, define formats, check space availability and set the calendar with the exact timing of the ads
- We also need to negotiate the media buying and define the exact price for each media vehicle (looking for opportunities in terms of special discounts)



#### Media negotiation strategy

In any media negotiation, **information, knowledge and facts** are **power**. Know the media audience, advantages and disadvantages, media competitors, prices, discounts.

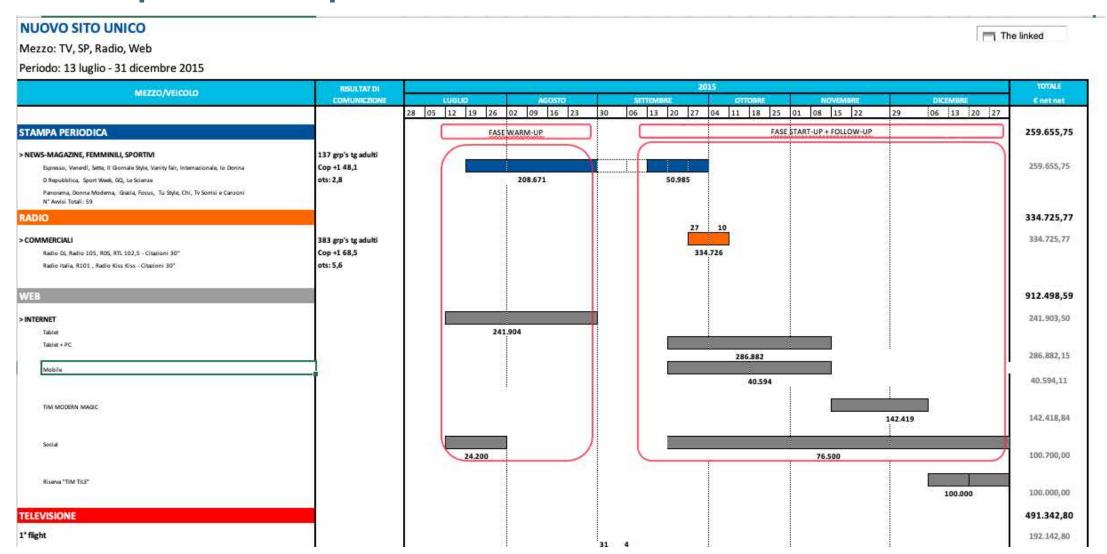


#### Media negotiation strategy

- Which issues affect the media negotiation?
  - The yearly budget and future expectations (if it increases or it's cut)
  - Discounts' history (we must consider previous years' terms)
  - To be a **new client** (new media investor)
  - Media seasonality (if there's a high demand or not)
  - Competition (media that reach the same target audience)
  - Exclusivity (planning one publisher only: e.g. Publitalia Vs. Rai Pubblicità)



#### Media plan example





## 7. execution



## 7. execution: from the media plan to the broadcasting

- We choose the media vehicles considering our advertising and media objectives
- We considered the available budget and we negotiated prices with the media sellers
- We prepared the media scheduling (checking space availability with the media sellers)
- Our advertising agency (production and traffic department) delivers
   the ad files to the publishers

We are on air







#### Media planning process recap 1/2

- We understand the briefing (target, timing, budget, advertising goals, message)
- We choose the most suitable media for the target audience and the advertising objectives
- Define the format we need (space or time)
- Check the target audience's ranking and choose the individual vehicles
- At the same time we check sales policies for the prices
- We allocate the budget among the different media/vehicles considering the advertising and media objectives



#### Media planning process recap 2/2

- We negotiate with the media seller to get as much discounts as possible (or better terms, such as special positions or free ads)
- Prepare a scheduling with dates and hours of commercials, positions and expected communication results
- For Google Ads, Facebook Business, the other digital platforms and programmatic buying we follow the specific planning process
- We check the Ad files that goes to the publishers (or check that the agency does that. Avoiding mistakes in the production phase!!!) and that the delivery is on time.



## 8. Post evaluation



## 8. Post-evaluation

After the campaign is published or broadcasted

1. Check that the commercials were **broadcasted at the agreed day** and time (or that the print ad was published on the decided issue and got the negotiated position)



#### E.g. TV – AGB data

NIELSEN TV Audience Measurement CERTIFICAZIONE DI CAMPAGNA PUNTI ORA Periodo ..... 21/07/13 - 03/08/13 Prodotti ..... TIM SENIOR. Tavola in ordine ..... Enittente I ETAMPH I NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.

	PIANIP.						RILEVASTONE											
			ORA.			ET ET	AUDIENCE				PRODRIMHA		POSIZIONE E TOT. EVENTI				PASCE PUBBLICITARIE	
En Data	Ora	Du ra ta	usci 1		Teor. break *vic.		Reale spot	Break			Durante o Precedent il break	Successiv al break		Senza	Prodotti concorrenti	Dur. break	Pascia pianificata	Pascia del break
R1 22/07/1 R1 22/07/1 R1 22/07/1 R1 23/07/1 R1 24/07/1 R1 25/07/1 R1 25/07/1 R1 26/07/1 R1 26/07/1 R1 26/07/1 R1 26/07/1 R1 27/07/1 R1 27/07/1 R1 29/07/1 R1 29/07/1 R1 29/07/1 R1 30/07/1 R1 01/08/1 R1 02/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R1 03/08/1 R2 22/07/1 R2 22/07/1 R2 24/07/1 R2 24/07/1 R2 26/07/1 R2 26/07/1	3 12:50 3 18:45 3 18:45 3 12:50 3 13:25 3 14:05 3 14:05 3 14:05 3 14:05 3 14:05 3 12:15 3 12:15 3 12:15 3 12:15 3 12:25 3 1	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	12:46 18:36	12:48 18:39 12:48 13:		CF	1042 2152 1337 2082 2333 1559 976 2196 11277 1818 948 1522 12472 1000 2217 1021 22472 1021 1250 1089 2036 2081 1286 1286 1286 1286 1486 1486 1486 1486 1486 1486 1486 14	1013 2190 1362 2083 2783 2331 1481 937 2097 1106 1860 1560 12335 997 2175 2042 2195 2042 2049 1473 5485 556 401 438 422		185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	VI NO CER A SUA IMM DON MATTE DON MATTE UNO MATTI UNO MATTI CUGINO 6 ESTATE IN FUNCICLAS REAZIONE LINEA BLU REAZIONE LA NOSTRA ARMY WIVE IL NOSTRA ARMY WIVE ARMY WIVE ARMY WIVE METED 2	TG1 CUGINO & TG1 CUGINO & TG1 CUGINO & LINEA BLU REAZIONE LINEA VER TG1 TG1 TG1 TG1 TG2 TG2 SENZA TRA DIVIETO D SENZA TRA	5/11 13/13 4/100 10/10 8/ 8 8/ 91 9/ 9 9/ 9 3/10 4/ 15 5/10 6/ 12 6/ 12 6/ 12 6/ 13 8/ 9 3/ 11 8/ 10	3/10 3/10 9/10 9/10 2/6 3/11 5/12 2/11 10/11 6/11 13/13 4/10 10/10 8/8 8/9 9/9 9/9 9/9 6/9 3/10 4/11 6/12 6/11 9/11 2/9 3/11 8/11 2/9 3/11 8/11 2/9 3/11	VODAFONE SPECIAL VODAFONE SPECIAL VODAFONE SPECIAL	03:27 03:13 03:13 03:33 03:49 03:22 03:49 03:21	Ono Mattina/Bonus Meridians Ono/Bonus Primasera Uno Quis Inizio/ Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Meridiana Uno/Bonus Meridiana Uno/Bonus Primasera Uno Quis Ri Tg Meridiana Pomeriggio Uno A/Bonus Uno Mattina/Bonus Ri Tg Meridiana Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Ri Tg Meridiana Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Ri Linea Blu Primasera Uno Quis Inizio/ Linea Verde A Meridiana Uno Mattina/Bonus Ri Tg Meridiana Uno Mattina/Bonus Ri Tg Meridiana Pomeriggio Uno A/Bonus Pomeriggio Uno A/Bonus Pomeriggio Uno A/Bonus Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Pomeriggio Uno B/Bonus Pomeriggio Duo B/Bonus Primasera Uno Quis Inizio/ Ri Linea Blu Primasera Uno Quis Inizio/ Ri L	Sera Uno A

<sup>\* -</sup> Il dato appare nella colonna solo se il break piu' vicino al pianificato non e' quello di uscita

<sup>\*\* - \$</sup> indica che il break e' stato attribuito alla fascia per la tolleranza del +-16' come da listino publitalia # - Il simbolo nella colonna 'durata' evidenzia una diversita' di durate superiore a 5''

<sup>\*\*\* -</sup> Durata del break al netto di IA e promos

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Ora di inizio del break al netto di TA e promos



#### 8. Post-evaluation

#### After the campaign is published or broadcast

- 1. Check that the commercial was **broadcasted at the agreed day and time** (or that the print ad was published on the decided issue and dot the negotiated position)
- 2. Check that we got the **expected TV GRP's** (for Radio and Press the GRP's are the same –estimated– ones from the Radio TER and Audipress interviews)



## E.g. TV media plan post-evaluation

DESCRIZIONE		OBIETT	IVO	PREVISIONE		CONSUNTIVO		VARIAZIO	ONE
N° spot		cliente	%	545	<mark>%</mark> 100%	545	100%		
N° spot >6 GRP's (Heavy) **				92	16,9%	79	14%	-13	-14%
N° spot prime time ** (20,30-22,30)				109	20%	109	20%	0	0%
GRP's TOTALE	GRP's 30" GRP's 15"	1.400 800 300	100% 57% 21%	1.718,6 1.246,1 472,5	100% 73% 27%	1.683,6 1.214,3 469,3	100% 72% 28%	-35 -32 -3	-2% -3% -1%
GRP's 1° sett. GRP's 2° sett.		700 700	50% 50%	760,4 958,2	44% 56%	775,0 909,0	46% 54%	15 -49	2% -5%
copertura frequenza				94,1 17,4		93,6 17,3		-1 0	
5+ OTS (Copertura) 50% Cop.				81,8% +14		80,8% +14			
GRP's SIPRA GRP's PUBLITALIA				635,6 1.083,0	37% 63%	635,5 1.048,0	38% 62%	0 -35	0% -3%
Heavy GRP's (>6 GRP's) **				786,1	46%	704,9	42%	-81	-10%
GRP's Prime Time (20,30-22,30)				744,1	43%	727,7	43%	-16	-2,2%
GRP's control target 18-54				1.429,0		1.428,4		-0,6	0%



#### 8. Post-evaluation

#### After the campaign is published or broadcast

- 1. Check that the commercial was **broadcasted at the agreed day and time** (or that the print ad was published on the decided issue and dot the negotiated position)
- 2. Check that we got the expected TV GRP's
- 3. Verify the advertising results
  - Cognitive goals (awareness)
  - Affective (preference, goodwill)
  - Conative (actions like phone calls, website visits, purchases, etc.)

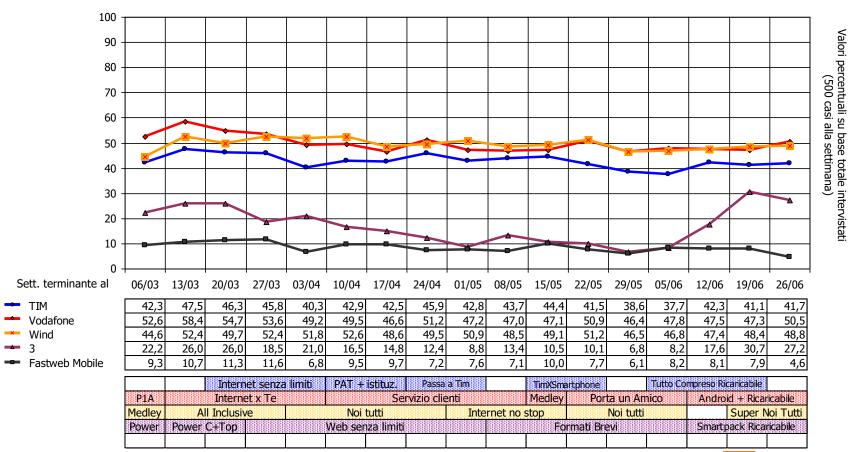


#### Cognitive objectives: e.g. advertising awareness

GfK Group Custom Research STP Telefonia Mobile 3 aprile 2020

#### Conoscenza totale della pubblicità (spontanea + aiutata)

"Di quali aziende che gestiscono reti di Telefonia Mobile lei ricorda di aver visto la pubblicità in televisione, alla radio, su giornali, su periodici, su manifesti?" "Lei ricorda di aver visto, sentito, letto negli ultimi tempi in televisione, alla radio, su giornali, su periodici, su manifesti la pubblicità di ... ?"





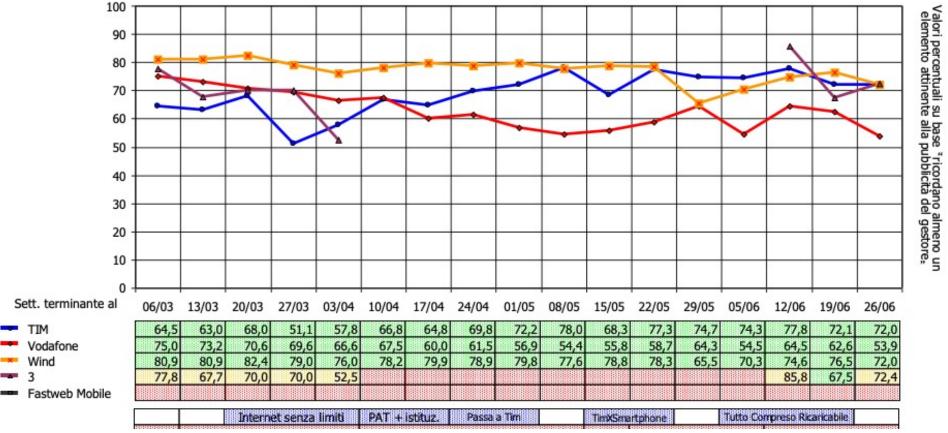
#### E.g. Advertising liking (much or very much)

GfK Group Custom Research STP Telefonia Mobile Date

Gradimento della pubblicità: "molto + abbastanza" 2011

"Le è piaciuta questa pubblicità? Quanto?"

27

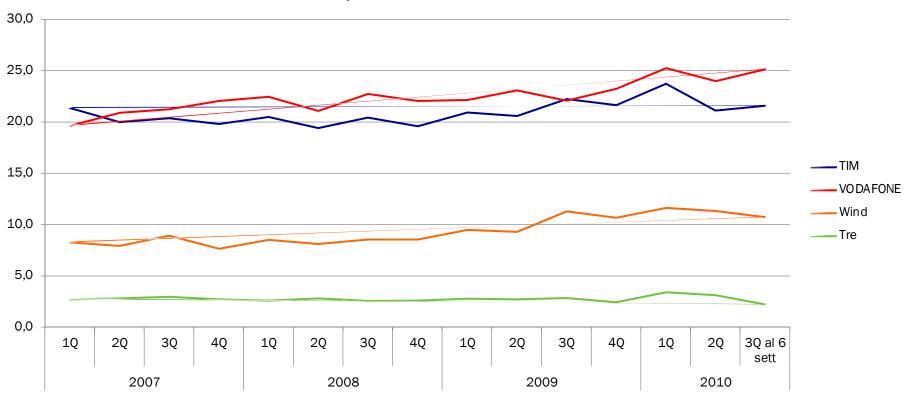




#### Affective objectives: e.g. propensity toward a brand

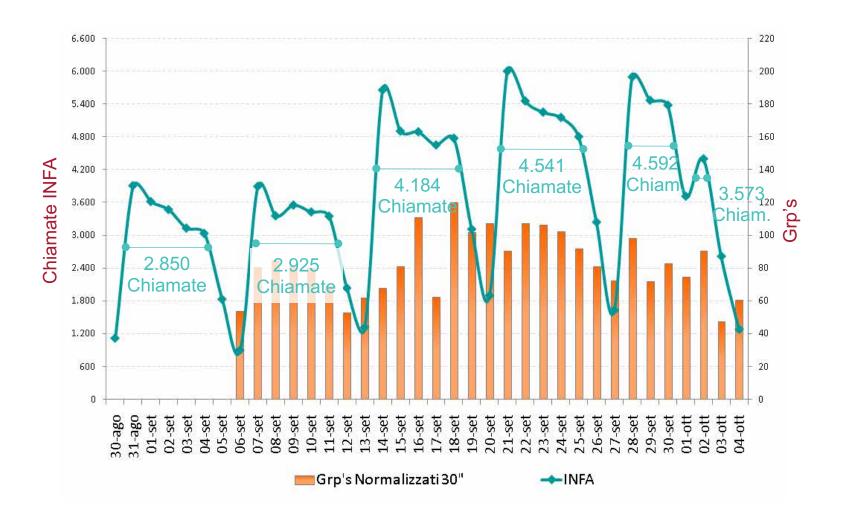
In the next future I'll buy this brand







#### Conative objectives (e.g. calls Vs GRP's)



## Sources

- The media handbook Helen Katz 2017
- Media planning & buying in the 21st century -Ronald Geskey – 2017